14.—British Juvenile Immigrants, fiscal years ended 1901-31.

Norz.—Juvenile immigrants are of course included in the total number of immigrants recorded elsewhere.

Fiscal Year.	Juvenile Immi- grants.	Fiscal Year.	Juvenile Immi- grante.	
901	977	1916	8:	
902	1.540	1917	2	
903	1,979	1918	•	
04	2,212	1919		
X	2,814	1000	1	
	3,258	****		
25:			1.	
071	1,455	1922	1,5	
08	2,375	1923	1,1	
09	2,424	1924	2,0	
10	2,422	1925	2.0	
11	2.524	1926	1.3	
12	2.689	1927	1.3	
	2,642	1928	2,0	
	2,318	1 4000	3,0	
14 15				
15	1,899	1930	4,	
		1931	2,	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Nine months.

Oriental Immigration.—The immigration to Canada of the Asiatic races, able because of their low standard of living to underbid the white man in selling his labour, is fundamentally an economic rather than a racial problem, affecting most of all those parts of the country which are nearest to the Orient and the classes which feel their economic position threatened. A record of Oriental immigration since the commencement of the century is given in Table 15.

15.—Record of Oriental Immigrants, fiscal years ended 1901-31.

Fiscal Year.	Chi- nese.	Јарап- есе.	East Indians.	Total.	Fiscal Year.	Chi- nese.	Japan-	East Indians.	Total.
1901 1902 1903 1904 1005 1906 1907 1908 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1914	2,544 3,587 5,329 4,847 77 168 291 2,234 2,106 2,302 5,320 6,581 7,445 5,512 1,258	354 1,922 2,042 7,601 495 271 437 765 724 856 559	45 387 2,124 2,623 6 10 5 3 5 88	2,550 3,587 5,329 4,847 4,46 4,477 4,457 12,458 2,607 2,583 5,762 7,349 8,174 6,456 1,850	1916. 1917. 1918. 1919. 1920. 1921. 1922. 1923. 1924. 1925. 1925. 1926. 1927. 1928. 1929.	86 393 765 4,333 544 2,435 1,746 711 674	401 848 883 1,178 711 532 471 369 448 501 421 475 478 478	10 10 13 21 40 46 62 60 56 56 52	491 1,041 1,652 5,511 1,255 2,977 2,230 1,101 1,162 547 483 535 498 252
					1931	61,299	205 24,425	5,795	285 91,519

Nine months.

Chinese Immigrants.—Oriental immigration to the Pacific Coast of North America appears to have commenced with the coming of Chinese immigrants about the time of the discovery of gold in California in 1849, and British Columbia appears to have received its first Chinese immigrants some time before 1870. The original occupations of these immigrants were as laundrymen and domestic servants. As early as 1872 Chinese were employed in the coal mines of the province and the Legislature was already considering the imposition of a poll tax on Chinese, the same proposition coming up later in the Dominion Parliament with the design of preventing the employment of Chinese labour in railway construction. A Royal Commission was appointed by the Dominion Government in 1884 to investigate Chinese immigration, and this Commission recommended the imposition of a head tax of \$10 upon Chinese entering Canada, together with registration and special